# SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT

#### General Discussion

The following discussion addresses several of the issues surrounding the NFIP regulations concerning substantial improvement and substantial damage. The attached *Notice to Property Owners*, adapted from a Dare County form, should be used by local governments for both non-disaster related structural improvements and in post-disaster damage situations.

Substantial Damage: Pre-FIRM buildings must be elevated if damaged by any cause for which repair costs are 50% or more of the value of the building. The damage can be incurred from any cause, including: flooding; fire; earthquake; wind; rain; or, man. The substantial damage rule applies to all buildings in a flood hazard area, regardless of whether the building has flood insurance. The costs to repair the structure must be calculated for full repair to before-damage condition, even if the owner elects to do less. The total costs to repair include both structural and finish materials, and labor.

Substantial Improvement: When a pre-FIRM building is proposed to be remodeled, renovated, rehabilitated, added to, or in any way improved, the proposed modifications must be evaluated for "substantial improvement". If the total costs of improvement are 50% or more of the building value, the building must be elevated. "Total costs" means all structural costs, as well as all finish materials, built-in appliances, hardware, profit, and overhead.

Building Value: Building value = market value of the structure only. Land and exterior improvements are excluded, e.g., swimming pool, pool enclosure, landscaping, paving. Market value = assessed value or properly depreciated appraised building value. The assessed value may be adjusted upward to reflect the market more accurately. Replacement cost can only be used if properly depreciated. Certified appraisals must be based on the comparable sales method. The land value must be deducted and it must be equal to or greater than that established by the County Assessor. The building value must be fairly depreciated to reflect the age of the building and the deterioration of building components.

Costs to Be Included: The construction costs to be calculated for both substantial damage and improvement include both structural and finish labor and materials. This includes lighting fixtures, built-in appliances, interior moldings, paneling, tiling, wall-to-wall carpet over subflooring, built-in cabinets, etc. The cost to demolish undamaged building components must be established and included. Overhead and profit are also included, although the cost of permits may be excluded. Many of these costs are not normally calculated for purposes of a building permit, nor are they regulated as part of the building code, but they must be calculated for compliance with the 50% rule.

When Maps Are Revised: Substantial damage and substantial improvement can affect post-FIRM buildings, too. If the FIRMs are revised, and the flood elevations increase, many post-FIRM buildings may be affected. The 50% rule then applies to them if they decide to make improvements or they incur damage. All additions to a post-FIRM structure must be elevated to or above the current BFE, whether they are "substantial" or not.

Cumulative Costs: Substantial damage and substantial improvement are subject to "cumulative" clauses in many community ordinances. FEMA generally requires that all separate permits for the same structure within a 1-2 year period are a single improvement and/or repair. This period runs from the date of final inspection or Certificate of Occupancy, not from the date the building permit was issued. Some communities require 5, 10, 50 years, or the life of the structure.

# **Notice to Property Owners**

## Rebuilding or Remodeling a Structure in a Special Flood Hazard Area

	notice of dustness has sustained damage of it you are making improvements to the structure and/or interior of the building,
please o	e advised that (Community) has adopted a Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance that
adopted	on (date of adoption) in order to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare and to
minimiz	the public and private losses due to flood conditions. This document addresses the "substantial improvement" clauses in the ce and can save property owners time, aggravation, and money.
If a struc	cture is substantially damaged, or remodeling is planned that will substantially improve the structure, it must be brought into
complia	nce with (Ordinance # and title), including elevation of the
structure	e to or above the 100-year flood elevation. "Substantial damage" means damage of any origin sustained by a structure
whereby	the cost of restoring the structure to its before damaged condition would equal or exceed 50% of the market value of the
structure	e before the damage occurred. The cost of repairs must include all costs necessary to fully repair the structure to its before-
damage	condition.
of which	ntial improvement" includes any repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, the cost he equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure before the start of construction of the improvement. Please the ordinance for special exemptions that may apply to buildings with previously cited health or safety violations, and structures.
	(Community and Department) has the responsibility of determining substantial
	and substantial improvement and has implemented procedures to do so in accordance with the guidelines established by the il Flood Insurance Program:
1.	Estimate the market value by using the tax assessment value of the structure, excluding land. If you disagree with this estimate, you may hire a state licensed appraiser and submit a comparable property appraisal;
2.	You must obtain and submit to permitting officials a detailed and complete cost estimate for reconstruction or repair of all planned improvements or all damages sustained by your home, prepared and signed by a licensed general contractor. The contractor must sign the document as an affidavit that the cost estimate includes all damages and/or improvements to your home, not just structural alterations;
3.	If your home is determined to have substantial damage or to be a substantial improvement, you must obtain and submit an Elevation Certificate to permitting officials to determine if the lowest floor elevation is in compliance with the ordinance. Garages and carports, if used strictly for limited storage, parking, or access to the building are not considered a structures lowest floor;
4.	If the lowest floor of a substantially damaged structure is below the required lowest floor elevation in the ordinance, the building must be elevated to or above the requisite elevation. All electrical and mechanical equipment (heating, cooling, hot water heaters, etc.), bathrooms, and laundry rooms facilities must be elevated to or above the required lowest floor elevation. If the lowest floor, electrical and mechanical equipment, laundry and bathrooms are already above the requisite
	lowest floor elevation, and the structure is otherwise compliant with the ordinance, the repairs or alterations may be permitted without further modifications. Repairs or alterations which would make the building nonconforming are prohibited;
5.	Building plans must be submitted which show how the building is to be elevated. If located in a V-Zone, Coastal High Hazard Area, these plans must be prepared and certified by a registered professional engineer or architect. Certified plans and a completed V-Zone Certificate are required prior to issuance of a building permit;

NCEM September 7, 2002

must be elevated to or above the requisite lowest floor elevation.

The ordinance requires that gas and liquid storage tanks be anchored to prevent flotation during conditions of flooding. Tanks which were separated from the structure during the flooding event must be anchored upon replacement.

The ordinance also regulates accessory structures, which must be anchored. Any electrical equipment in these buildings

## APPLICATION FOR DETERMINATION OF Substantial Improvement Substantial Damage

Permit No		Tax Map _	B	lock	Parce	el	Lot
Property Add	ress:		_ Subdiv	ision Na	ame:		
Pre-Damage I	t:		☐ MSL ☐ NGVD ☐ NAVD	D	ate Damage S	Sustained	
Name	Property Owner				o-Owner	•••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Mailing Address							
Phone Number	er						
☐ I am not s I accept E	hing an appraisal re ubmitting an appra stimated Market V ae attached estimate	isal report o alue from ta	of my prop	erty and ent.	Initials		
cost of rep  The following  Detailed C  Contractor  Copy of C  Owners A  FEMA Ele  Floor plan  Photos bei	documents are attended to the construction Cost Ear's Affidavit, signed contractor's License ffidavit, signed, date evation Certificate drawing (if availal fore and after dama	or my home ached: Estimate, sig d, dated, and et ted, and cer ble) ge event (if	ned by a (d certified tified	General	Initials Contractor		
Signatures		••••••••••••••	•••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••
Owner:			***************************************		Date:		
Co-Owner:					Date:		

## OWNER AFFIDAVIT

Permit NoT	ax Map	Block	Parcel	Lot
Property Address:				
Contractor Name:		License Nu	mber:	
Owner Name:		Phone Num	ber:	
☐ I hereby attest to the fact that the for review by my contractor are other additions and improved included in this estimate. No or additions, or remodeling not	(check one or e repairs/red e all the dar nents, or re ther contra	both, as applicable) construction and/or remages sustained by this pairs proposed on the ctor has made any re	modeling list is structure a	and that all
I hereby attest to the fact that the remodeling list submitted for rewill be done to the existing strepairs on the subject property made any repairs, reconstruction attached list.	eview by m tructure and are include	y contractor are all of I that all other addition I in this estimate. No	the improve	ments that ements, or
I understand that I am subject to reveals that I have made repairs not home or that I have included non-continuous without having presented any plans jurisdiction pursuant to this affidavany illegal additions, fences, sheds	onforming of s for such act it does not a , or noncon	on the attached list of or illegal structures/add dditions. I understand tuthorize the reconstructures.	f repairs/mo ditions to the that any per ction, repair	difications to my existing structure mit issued by this or maintenance of
State of North Carolina, County	of			
Before me this day personally appe	ared	- C - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		and
has read, understands and agrees to	comply wi	th all the aforemention	med condition	es and says that he ns.
Signature of Owner	-	Signature of C	o-Owner	
Sworn to and subscribed before me	this	day of		A.D. 20
(Seal)		Notary Public, S	State of Nort	h Carolina
	Му	Commiss	ion	expires:

# CONTRACTOR AFFIDAVIT

Permit No	_ Tax Map	Block	Parcel	Lot
Property Address:				
Contractor Name:		License N	lumber:	
Owner Name:		Phone Nu	mber:	
I hereby attest to the fact that mentioned property and produ reconstructions and/or remodel	iced the attac	hed list of itemized	ranning additi	inspected the above ons, rehabilitations,
☐ These damages are all the improvements or repairs pr	e damages su	or both, as applicable) stained by this struc- subject property are	cture, and all of included in this	other additions and sestimate.
☐ These improvements are all other additions, improvements	of the improvents, or repairs	ements that will be d on the subject prope	one to the exist	ing structure, and all
that I have made repairs not incorrect that I have included non-conhaving presented any plans for pursuant to this affidavit does additions, fences, sheds, or non	such additions not authorize t	gal structures/addition I understand that are the reconstruction, resees of structures on the sees of sees	ons to the existing permit issued pair, or mainte the subject property and Materials:	ng structure without I by this jurisdiction
State of North Carolina, Cou	nty of			
Before me this day personally a peing duly sworn deposes and a forementioned conditions.	ppearedsays that he ha	as read, understands	and agrees to	who,
Signature of Contractor:				
Sworn to and subscribed before	me this	day of		_ A.D. 20
Seal)		Notary Public	State of North	Carolina
	My Com	imission expires:		

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# ESTIMATED COST OF RECONSTRUCTION

Permit No	Tax Map	Block	Parcel	_ Lot	
ITEMS	COST			TOTAL	
		LABOR	MATERIALS	COST	
Concrete, Form, etc.					
Carpentry Material (rough)	127 S 1887				
Carpentry Labor (rough)					
Roofing					
Insulation and Weather Strip					
Exterior Finish (Stucco)					
Doors, Windows, and Shutters					
Lumber Finish					
Carpenter Labor, Finish					
Hardware, Rough	raes ex				
Hardware, Finish					
Cabinets, built-in					
Floor Covering (tile, rug)					
Plumbing					
Shower/Tub/Toilet					
Electrical					
Light Fixtures					
Built-in Appliances					
HVAC					
Paint					
Overhead and Profit				11 17.	
TOTAL	-1:-16111				
Note: Full market value must be ap	plied for all donated	labor and materials.			
Contractor Name: Address: lignature:		Ph	ense Number: one Number:		

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### SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT

### Items to be Included

### All structural elements, including:

Spread or continuous foundation footings and pilings
Monolithic or other types of concrete slabs
Bearing walls, tie beams, and trusses
Floors and ceilings
Attached decks and porches
Interior partitions walls
Exterior wall finishes (e.g., brick, stucco, or siding)
including painting and decorative moldings
Windows and doors
Reshingling or retiling a roof
Hardware

### All interior finishing elements, including:

Tiling, linoleum, stone, or carpet over subflooring
Bathroom tiling and fixtures
Wall finishes (e.g., drywall, painting, stucco, plaster,
paneling, marble, or other decorative finishes)
Kitchen, utility, and bathroom cabinets
Built-in bookcases, cabinets, and furniture
Hardware

### All utility and service equipment, including:

HVAC equipment
Repair or reconstruction of plumbing and electrical services
Light fixtures and ceiling fans
Security systems
Built-in kitchen appliances
Central vacuum systems
Water filtration, conditioning, or recirculation systems

### Also:

Labor and other costs associated with moving or altering undamaged building components to accommodate improvements or additions Overhead and profits

### Items to be Excluded

Plans and specifications

Survey costs

Permit fees

Cost to demolish storm-damaged building components

### Outside improvements, including:

Landscaping
Sidewalks
Fences
Yard lights
Swimming pools
Screened pool enclosures
Sheds
Gazebos
Detached structures (including garages)
Landscape irrigation systems